
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS
AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

NASA-05510 (March 2003) NASA Superseding NASA-05510 (September 2002)

SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

DIVISION 05 - METALS

SECTION 05510

METAL STAIRS

03/03

PART 1	GENERAL
1.1	REFERENCES
1.2	SUBMITTALS
	QUALIFICATIONS FOR WELDING WORK
PART 2	PRODUCTS
	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
2.2	STRUCTURAL STEEL PLATES, SHAPES AND BARS
	STRUCTURAL STEEL TUBING
2.4	HOT-ROLLED CARBON STEEL BARS
	COLD-FINISHED STEEL BARS
2.6	HOT-ROLLED CARBON STEEL SHEETS AND STRIPS
2.7	COLD-ROLLED CARBON STEEL SHEETS
	GALVANIZED CARBON STEEL SHEETS
	COLD-DRAWN STEEL TUBING
	GRAY IRON CASTINGS
	MALLEABLE IRON CASTINGS
2.12	
2.13	CONCRETE INSERTS
	MASONRY ANCHORAGE DEVICES
	FASTENERS
	GENERAL FABRICATION
	PROTECTIVE COATING
	STEEL PAN STAIRS
	3.1 General
2.1	3.2 Stair Framing
	8.3 Riser, Subtread, and Subplatform Metal Pans
	8.4 Metal Safety Nosings
	8.5 Steel Floor Plate Treads and Platforms
	3.6 Floor Grating Treads and Platforms
	3.7 Stair Railings and Handrails
	8.8 Soffit Clips
2.1	8.9 Steel Framing for Concrete Stairs

PART 3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 STAIR RAILINGS AND HANDRAILS
- 3.2 FIELD WELDING
- 3.3 TOUCHUP PAINTING
- -- End of Section Table of Contents --

************************ NASA-05510 (March 2003) NATIONAL AERONAUTICS NASA AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION Superseding NASA-05510 (September 2002) ************************ SECTION 05510 METAL STAIRS 03/03 ************************* NOTE: Delete, revise, or add to the text in this section to cover project requirements. Notes are for designer information and will not appear in the final project specification. This section covers steel stair systems which are not a part of any other metals system of the specification. Only steel pan stairs are included in this section. Other types of steel stair treads and riser systems must be specified to suit the project requirements. Associated work found in Division 5, "Metals," includes: Structural steel Miscellaneous metal Handrails and railings Ornamental railings Installation of inserts and anchorage devices ***************************** PART 1 GENERAL 1.1 REFERENCES ************************ NOTE: The following references should not be manually edited except to add new references. References not used in the text will automatically

The publications listed below form a part of this section to the extent

be deleted from this section of the project

specification.

referenced:

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF STATE HIGHWAY AND TRANSPORTATION OFFICIALS (AASHTO)

AASHTO M 314 (1990) Standard Specification for Steel
Anchor Bolts

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION (AISC)

AISC 317 (1992) Manual of Steel Construction, Volume II, Connections

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE (ANSI)

ANSI B18.22.1 (1975; R 1998) Plain Washers

ANSI B18.22M (1981; R 2000) Metric Plain Washers

AMERICAN WELDING SOCIETY (AWS)

AWS D1.1/D1.1M (2002) Structural Welding Code - Steel

ASME INTERNATIONAL (ASME)

ASME B18.2.1 (1981; R 1992) Square and Hex Bolts and Screws, Including Hex Cap and Lag Screws

(Inch Series)

ASME B18.2.3.8M (1981; R 1991) Metric Hex Lag Screws

ASME B18.6.1 (1981; R 1991) Wood Screws (Inch Series)

ASME B18.6.3 (1998) Machine Screws and Machine Screw

Nuts

ASME B18.6.7M (1999) Metric Machine Screws

ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)

ASTM A 108 (1989) Steel Bars, Carbon, Cold-Finished,

Standard Quality

ASTM A 123/A 123M (2002) Standard Specification for Zinc

(Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and

Steel Products

ASTM A 153/A 153M (2001a) Standard Specification for Zinc

Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel

Hardware

ASTM A 27/A 27M (2000) Standard Specification for Steel

Castings, Carbon, for General Application

ASTM A 283/A 283M	(2000) Standard Specification for Low and Intermediate Tensile Strength Carbon Steel Plates
ASTM A 29/A 29M	(1993) Standard Specification for Steel Bars, Carbon and Alloy, Hot-Wrought and Cold Finished, General Requirements
ASTM A 307	(2000) Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60,000 psi Tensile Strength
ASTM A 325	(2000) Standard Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat Treated, 120/105 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength
ASTM A 325M	(2000) Standard Specification for High Strength Bolts for Structural Steel Joints (Metric)
ASTM A 36/A 36M	(2001) Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel
ASTM A 366/A 366M	(1996) Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet, Carbon, Cold-Rolled, Commercial Quality
ASTM A 446/A 446M	(1993) Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) by the Hot-Dip Process, Structural (Physical) Quality
ASTM A 449	(1993) Standard Specification for Quenched and Tempered Steel Bolts and Studs
ASTM A 47/A 47M	(1999) Standard Specification for Ferritic Malleable Iron Castings
ASTM A 48	(1994; Rev A) Standard Specification for Gray Iron Castings
ASTM A 48M	(1994; Rev A) Standard Specification for Gray Iron Castings (Metric)
ASTM A 500	(1993) Standard Specification for Cold-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing in Rounds and Shapes
ASTM A 512	(1994) Cold-Drawn Buttweld Carbon Steel Mechanical Tubing
ASTM A 525	(1993) Standard Specification for General Requirements for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated

	(Galvanized) by the Hot-Dip Process
ASTM A 525M	(1991; Rev A) Standard Specification for General Requirements for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) by the Hot-Dip Process (Metric)
ASTM A 526/A 526M	(1990) Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) by the Hot-Dip Process, Commercial Quality
ASTM A 53	(1999; Rev B) Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated Welded and Seamless
ASTM A 568/A 568M	(2002) Standard Specifications for Steel, Sheet, Carbon, and High-Strength, Low-Alloy, Hot-Rolled and Cold-Rolled, General Requirements for
ASTM A 569/A 569M	(1991; Rev A) Standard Specification for Steel, Carbon (0.15 Maximum, Percent), Hot-Rolled Sheet and Strip Commercial Quality
ASTM A 570/A 570M	(1996) Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet and Strip, Carbon, Hot-Rolled, Structural Quality
ASTM A 575	(2002) Standard Specification for Steel Bars, Carbon, Merchant Quality, M-Grades
ASTM A 6/A 6M	(2000; Rev A) Standard Specification for General Requirements for Rolled Structural Steel Bars, Plates, Shapes, and Sheet Piling
ASTM C 514	(2001) Standard Specification for Nails for the Application of Gypsum Board
ASTM C 636	(1992) Standard Practice for Installation of Metal Ceiling Suspension Systems for

of Metal Ceiling Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-In Panels

ASTM E 488 (1990) Standard Test Methods for Strength of Anchors in Concrete and Masonry Elements

ASTM F 568M (1998) Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Externally Threaded Metric Fasteners

rascellers

INDUSTRIAL FASTENERS INSTITUTE (IFI)

IFI 502 (1982) Metric Tapping Screws

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF ARCHITECTURAL METAL MANUFACTURERS (NAAMM)

NAAMM MBG 531

(1988; MBG 531S-89) Metal Bar Grating

Manual

THE SOCIETY FOR PROTECTIVE COATINGS (SSPC)

SSPC Paint 25

(1991) Paint Specification No. 25, Red Iron Oxide, Zinc Chromate, Raw Linseed Oil and Alkyd Primer (Without Lead and Chromate Pigments)

U.S. NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION (NARA)

29 CFR 1910

(2001) Occupational Safety and Health

Standards

1.2 SUBMITTALS

NOTE: Review submittal description (SD) definitions in Section 01330, "Submittal Procedures," and edit the following list to reflect only the submittals required for the project. Submittals should be kept to the minimum required for adequate quality control. Include a columnar list of appropriate products and tests beneath each submittal description.

The following shall be submitted in accordance with Section 01330, "Submittal Procedures," in sufficient detail to show full compliance with the specification:

SD-02 Shop Drawings

Fabrication drawings for the following items shall be in accordance with the paragraph entitled, "General Requirements," of this section.

Iron and Steel Hardware Steel Shapes, Plates, Bars and Strips Metal Stairs

SD-03 Product Data

Manufacturer's catalog data shall include two copies of manufacturers specifications, load tables, dimension diagrams, and anchor details for the following items:

Structural Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars Structural Steel Tubing Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Sheets and Strips Cold Finished Steel Bars
Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Bars
Cold-Rolled Carbon Steel Sheets
Galvanized Carbon Steel Sheets
Cold-Drawn Steel Tubing
Gray Iron Castings
Malleable Iron Castings
Concrete Inserts
Masonry Anchorage Devices
Protective Coating
Steel Pan Stairs

SD-07 Certificates

Welding Procedures shall be in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

Certificates for Welder Qualification shall be in accordance with the paragraph entitled, "Qualifications for Welding Work," of this section.

SD-08 Manufacturer's Instructions

Manufacturer's installation instructions shall be submitted for the following products to be used in the fabrication of steel stair work.

Structural Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars Structural Steel Tubing
Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Sheets and Strips Cold Finished Steel Bars
Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Bars
Cold-Rolled Carbon Steel Sheets
Galvanized Carbon Steel Sheets
Cold-Drawn Steel Tubing
Gray Iron Castings
Malleable Iron Castings
Protective Coating
Masonry Anchorage Devices

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS FOR WELDING WORK

NOTE: If Section 05095, "Welding Steel Construction," is not included in the project specification, applicable requirements therefrom should be inserted and the following paragraph deleted.

[Section 05095, "Welding Steel Construction," applies to work specified in this section.]

[Welding Procedures shall be in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M. Test specimens shall be made in the presence of the Contracting Officer and

shall be tested by an approved testing laboratory at the Contractor's expense.

Welder Qualification shall be certified by tests in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M, or under an equivalent approved qualification test. In addition, tests shall be performed on test pieces in positions and with clearances equivalent to those actually encountered. If a test weld fails to meet requirements, an immediate retest of two test welds shall be made and each test weld shall pass. Failure in the immediate retest will require that the welder be retested after further practice or training and a complete set of test welds shall be made.]

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Complete and detailed fabrication drawings for all Iron and Steel Hardware, and for all Steel Shapes, Plates, Bars and Strips used shall be provided by the Contractor in accordance with the design specifications referenced in this seciton.

Items shall be preassembled in the shop to the greatest extent possible. Units shall be disassembled only to the extent necessary for shipping and handling. Units shall be clearly marked for reassembly and coordinated installation.

For the fabrication of work exposed to view, only materials that are smooth and free of surface blemishes, including pitting, seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, and roughness, shall be used. Blemishes shall be removed by grinding, or by welding and grinding, prior to cleaning, treating, and application of surface finishes, including zinc coatings.

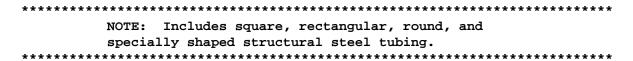
2.2 STRUCTURAL STEEL PLATES, SHAPES AND BARS

Structural-size shapes and plates, except plates to be bent or cold-formed, shall conform to ASTM A 36/A 36M, unless otherwise noted.

Steel plates to be bent or cold-formed shall conform to ASTM A 283/A 283M, Grade C.

Steel bars and bar-size shapes shall conform to ASTM A 36/A 36M, unless otherwise noted.

2.3 STRUCTURAL STEEL TUBING



Structural steel tubing, hot-formed, welded or seamless, shall conform to ASTM A 500, Grade B, unless otherwise noted.

2.4 HOT-ROLLED CARBON STEEL BARS

Bars and bar-size shapes shall conform to ASTM A 575, grade as selected by the fabricator.

2.5 COLD-FINISHED STEEL BARS

Bars shall conform to ASTM A 108, grade as selected by the fabricator.

2.6 HOT-ROLLED CARBON STEEL SHEETS AND STRIPS

Sheets and strips shall conform to ASTM A 568/A 568M and ASTM A 569/A 569M, pickled and oiled.

2.7 COLD-ROLLED CARBON STEEL SHEETS

Sheets shall conform to ASTM A 366/A 366M.

2.8 GALVANIZED CARBON STEEL SHEETS

Sheets shall conform to ASTM A 526/A 526M, with galvanizing conforming to ASTM A 525, G90 ASTM A 525M, Z275.

2.9 COLD-DRAWN STEEL TUBING

Tubing shall conform to ASTM A 512, sunk drawn, butt-welded, cold-finished, and stress-relieved.

2.10 GRAY IRON CASTINGS

Castings shall conform to ASTM A 48 ASTM A 48M, Class 30.

2.11 MALLEABLE IRON CASTINGS

Castings shall conform to ASTM A 47/A 47M, grade as selected.

2.12 STEEL PIPE

Pipe shall conform to ASTM A 53, type as selected, Grade B; primed finish, unless galvanizing is required; standard weight (Schedule 40).

2.13 CONCRETE INSERTS

NOTE: Inserts must be used for fastening steel stair items to cast-in-place concrete construction subjected to direct pullout loadings such as shelf angles and supports attached to concrete slab ceilings. Locations of inserts must be indicated.

[Threaded-type concrete inserts shall consist of galvanized ferrous castings, internally threaded to receive 3/4-inch M20 diameter machine bolts; either malleable iron conforming to ASTM A 47/A 47M or cast steel

conforming to ASTM A 27/A 27M, hot-dip galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 153/A 153M.

[Wedge-type concrete inserts shall consist of galvanized box-type ferrous castings designed to accept 3/4-inch M20 diameter bolts having special wedge-shaped heads; they shall be either malleable iron conforming to ASTM A 47/A 47M or cast steel conforming to ASTM A 27/A 27M and hot-dip galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 153/A 153M.]

[Carbon steel bolts having special wedge-shaped heads, nuts, washers, and shims shall be provided and galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 153/A 153M. Slotted-type concrete inserts shall consist of galvanized 1/8-inch 3 millimeter thick pressed steel plate conforming to ASTM A 283/A 283M; they shall be of box-type welded construction with slot designed to receive 3/4-inch M20 diameter square-head bolt with knockout cover; and shall be hot-dip galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 123/A 123M.]

2.14 MASONRY ANCHORAGE DEVICES

Masonry anchorage devices shall consist of expansion shields complying with AASHTO M 314, ASTM E 488 and ASTM C 514 as follows:

[Lead expansion shields shall be provided for machine screws and bolts 1/4 inch 6 millimeter and smaller; head-out embedded nut type, single unit class, Group I, Type 1, Class 1.]

[Lead expansion shields shall be provided for machine screws and bolts larger than 1/4 inch 6 millimeter in size; head-out embedded nut type, multiple unit class, Group I, Type 1, Class 2.]

[Bolt anchor expansion shields shall be provided for lag bolts; zinc-alloy, long shield anchors class, Group II, Type 1, Class 1.]

[Bolt anchor expansion shields shall be provided for bolts; closed-end bottom bearing class, Group II, Type 2, Class 1.]

Toggle bolts shall be tumble-wing type, conforming to ASTM A 325 ASTM A 325M, ASTM A 449 and ASTM C 636, type, class, and style as required.

2.15 FASTENERS

Zinc-coated fasteners shall be galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 153/A

153M and shall be used for exterior applications or where built into exterior walls or floor systems. Fasteners shall be selected for the type, grade, and class required for the installation of steel stair items.

Standard bolts and nuts shall be regular hexagon-head conforming to ASTM A 307, Grade A ASTM F 568M.

Lag bolts shall be square-head conforming to ASME B18.2.1 ASME B18.2.3.8M.

Machine screws cadmium-plated steel conforming to ASME B18.6.3 ASME B18.6.7M.

Wood screws shall be flat-head carbon steel conforming to ASME B18.6.1 IFI 502.

Plain washers shall be round, general-assembly-grade, carbon steel conforming to ANSI B18.22.1 ANSI B18.22M.

Lockwashers shall be helical spring, carbon steel conforming to ASME B18.2.1 ASME B18.2.3.8M.

2.16 GENERAL FABRICATION

Metal Stairs shall detail plans and elevations at not less than 1 inch to 1 foot 1 to 12 scale. Drawings shall also provide details of sections and connections at not less than 3 inches to 1 foot 1 to 4 scale. They shall also detail setting drawings, diagrams, templates for installation of anchorages, including concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and miscellaneous metal items having integral anchors.

Contractor shall use materials of size and thicknesses indicated or, if not indicated, of required size and thickness to produce adequate strength and durability in finished product for intended use. Materials shall be worked to dimensions indicated on approved detail drawings, using proven details of fabrication and support. Type of materials indicated or specified shall be used for the various components of work.

Exposed work shall be formed true to line and level with accurate angles and surfaces and straight sharp edges. Exposed edges shall be eased to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch 0.8 millimeter. Metal corners shall be bent to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing the work.

Corners and seams shall be welded continuously and in accordance with the recommendations of AWS D1.1/D1.1M. Exposed welds shall be ground smooth and flush to match and blend with adjoining surfaces.

Exposed connections shall be formed with hairline joints that are flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners wherever possible. Exposed fasteners of the type indicated shall be used or, if not indicated, Phillips flathead (countersunk) screws or bolts shall be used.

Anchorage of the type indicated shall be provided and coordinated with the supporting structure. Anchoring devices shall be fabricated and spaced as indicated and as required to provide adequate support for the intended use

of the work.

Hot-rolled steel bars shall be used for work fabricated from bar stock unless work is indicated or specified to be fabricated from cold-finished or cold-rolled stock.

2.17 PROTECTIVE COATING

[Steelwork shall be shop primed with red oxide primer in accordance with SSPC Paint 25.]

[Steelwork shall be shop primed as indicated in accordance with [AISC 317] [Section 09970, "Coatings for Steel,"] except surfaces of steel to be encased in concrete, surfaces to be welded, contact surfaces to be high-strength bolt connected, and surfaces of crane rails.]

[Steelwork shall be hot dipped galvanized as indicated in accordance with ASTM A 123/A 123M. Abraded surfaces and cut ends of galvanized members shall be touched up with zinc-dust, zinc-oxide primer, or an approved galvanizing repair compound.]

2.18 STEEL PAN STAIRS

2.18.1 General

Welding shall be used for joining pieces together. Units shall be fabricated so that bolts and other fastenings do not appear on finish surfaces. Joints shall be made true and tight, and connections between parts shall be lightproof tight. Continuous welds shall be ground smooth where exposed.

Metal Stairs units shall be constructed to sizes and arrangements indicated. Entire assembly shall be constructed to support a minimum live load of 100 pounds per square foot 500 kilogram per square meter. Framing hangers, columns, struts, clips, brackets, bearing plates, and other components shall be provided as required for the support of stairs and platforms.

2.18.2 Stair Framing

Stringers of structural steel channels, or plates, or a combination thereof shall be fabricated as indicated. Closures for exposed ends of strings shall be provided.

Platforms of structural steel channel headers and miscellaneous framing members shall be constructed as indicated. Headers shall be bolted to stringers and newels. Framing members shall be bolted to stringers and headers.

2.18.3 Riser, Subtread, and Subplatform Metal Pans

[Metal pans shall be formed of 0.1084-inch (12-gage) 2.8 millimeter thick structural steel sheets, conforming to ASTM A 570/A 570M, Grade 36. Pans shall be shaped to configuration indicated.]

[Metal pans shall be formed of 0.1084-inch (12-gage) 2.8 millimeter thick galvanized structural steel sheets, conforming to ASTM A 446/A 446M, Grade A, with zinc coating conforming to ASTM A 525, G90 ASTM A 525M, Z275. Shape of pans shall conform to configuration indicated.]

Riser and subtread metal pans shall be constructed with steel angle supporting brackets, of size indicated, welded to stringers. Metal pans shall be secured to brackets with rivets or welds.

Subplatform metal pans shall be secured to platform frames with welds.

2.18.4 Metal Safety Nosings

Cast metal abrasive, nonskid type, shall be 4 inches 100 millimeter wide by full length of step between strings. Contractor shall fabricate to thickness, profile, and surface pattern as indicated. Each nosing shall be equipped with integral anchors for embedding in pan fill material, and shall be spaced not more than 4 inches 100 millimeter from each end and not more than 15 inches 380 millimeter on center.

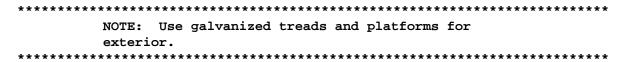
2.18.5 Steel Floor Plate Treads and Platforms

Raised pattern shall be steel floor plate fabricated from steel complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M. Pattern shall be provided as indicated or, if not indicated, as selected from manufacturer's standard patterns.

Treads shall be formed of 1/4-inch 7 millimeter thick steel floor plate with integral nosing and back edge stiffener. Steel supporting brackets shall be welded to strings and treads to brackets.

[Platforms of steel floor plate shall be fabricated to thickness indicated. Nosing matching that on treads at landings shall be provided. Floor plates shall be secured to platform framing members with welds.]

2.18.6 Floor Grating Treads and Platforms



Floor grating treads and platforms shall comply with ASTM A 6/A 6M, ASTM A 29/A 29M and NAAMM MBG 531, "Metal Bar Grating Manual." Pattern, spacing, and bar sizes shall be as indicated:

Galvanized finish shall conform to ASTM A 123/A 123M.

Painted finish shall be manufacturer's baked-on primer.

Grating treads shall be fabricated with steel plate nosing on one edge and with steel angle or steel plate carrier at each end for string connections. Treads shall be secured to strings with bolts.

Grating platforms shall be fabricated with nosing matching that on grating treads at landings. Toe-plates shall be provided at open-sided edges of floor grating to platform framing members.

2.18.7 Stair Railings and Handrails

Newels shall be fabricated from steel tubing. Newel caps shall be gray iron castings as indicated.

Steel pipe railings, consisting of top rail, intermediate rail, posts and handrails, shall be provided at walls. Unless otherwise indicated, 1-1/2-inch DN40 nominal size, standard weight, carbon steel pipe shall be provided and shall conform to ASTM A 53, Type E or Type S, Grade B. Railings shall conform to requirements of 29 CFR 1910, Section 23.

Posts, rails, and corners shall be joined by one of the following methods:

Flush-type steel railing fittings, welded and ground smooth, with railing splice locks secured with 3/8-inch M10 hexagonal recessed-head setscrews

Mitered and welded joints made by fitting post to top rail and intermediate rail to post, mitering corners, groove welding joints, and grinding smooth, but railing splices, reinforced by a tight-fitting interior sleeve not less than 6 inches 150 millimeter long.

Railings may be bent at corners instead of joining, provided the bends are uniformly formed in jigs with cylindrical cross section of pipe maintained throughout the entire bend.

Removable railing sections shall be provided as indicated.

Kickplates shall be provided between railing posts where indicated, and shall consist of 1/8-inch 4 millimeter steel flat bars not less than 6 inches 150 millimeter high. Kickplates shall be secured as indicated.

[Exterior railings, including pipe, fittings, brackets, fasteners, and other ferrous metal components, shall be galvanized. Black steel pipe shall be provided for interior railings.]

[Exterior railings shall be provided and interior railings shall be galvanized where indicated, including pipe, fittings, brackets, fasteners, and other ferrous metal components. Black steel pipe shall be provided for interior railings not indicated as galvanized.]

[Railings, including pipe, fittings, brackets, fasteners, and other ferrous metal components, shall be galvanized.]

2.18.8 Soffit Clips

Clips shall be provided with holes for attaching metal furring for plastered soffits. Clips shall be spaced not more than 12 inches 300 millimeter on center and be welded to stair treads and platforms as required.

2.18.9 Steel Framing for Concrete Stairs

Fabricated units shall be customized to the dimensions and details indicated, and modified as required to fit actual dimensions of the supporting structure. Welded construction shall be used for fabrication of steel components. Unless otherwise indicated, 14-gage 2 millimeter steel risers shall be provided. Components shall be arranged to receive finish materials as indicated.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 STAIR RAILINGS AND HANDRAILS

Railings shall be adjusted prior to securing in place to ensure proper matching at butting joints and correct alignment throughout their length. Posts shall be spaced not more than 8 feet 2440 millimeter on center. Posts shall be plumbed in each direction. Posts and rail ends shall be secured to building construction as follows:

Posts shall be anchored in concrete by means of pipe sleeves set and anchored into concrete. Sleeves of galvanized, standard weight, steel pipe, not less than 6 inches 150 millimeter long, and having an inside diameter not less than 1/2-inch 13 millimeter greater than the outside diameter of the inserted pipe post shall be provided. Steel plate closure secured to the bottom of the sleeve shall be provided; closure shall be of width and length not less than 1-inch 25 millimeter greater than the outside diameter of the sleeve. After posts have been inserted into sleeves, the annular space between post and sleeve shall be filled with molten lead, sulfur, or a quick-setting hydraulic cement. Anchorage joint shall be covered with a round steel flange welded to the post.

Posts shall be anchored to steel with steel oval flanges, angle type or floor type as required by conditions, welded to posts and bolted to the steel supporting members.

Rail ends shall be anchored into concrete and masonry with steel round flanges welded to rail ends and anchored into the wall construction with lead expansion shields and bolts.

Rail ends shall be anchored to steel with steel oval or round flanges welded to tail ends and bolted to the structural steel members.

Handrails shall be secured to walls by means of wall brackets and wall return fitting at handrail ends. Brackets of malleable iron castings shall be provided, with not less than 3-inch 75 millimeter projection from the finish wall surface to the center of the pipe drilled to receive one 3/8-inch M10 bolt. Brackets shall be located not more than 60 inches 1525 millimeter on center. Wall return fittings of cast iron castings, flush-type, with the same projection as that specified for wall brackets shall be provided. Wall brackets and wall return fittings shall be secured to building construction as follows:

For concrete and solid masonry anchorage, bolt anchor expansion shields and lag bolts shall be used.

For hollow masonry and stud partition anchorage, toggle bolts having square heads shall be used.

3.2 FIELD WELDING

Procedures of manual shielded metal arc welding, appearance and quality of welds made, and methods used in correcting welding work shall comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

3.3 TOUCHUP PAINTING

Immediately after installation, field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of the shop paint shall be cleaned, and exposed areas shall be painted with the paint used for shop painting. Paint shall be applied by brush or spray to provide a minimum dry-film thickness of 2 mils 0.051 millimeter.

-- End of Section --